



Rudbeckia hirta

# Maya

Art.-Nr.: RH0201P



- Compact plant habit
- Fully double flowers in a bright yellow color
- Perfect for containers, beds and borders
- Great summer garden performer

<b>Crop Time</b>	Frühjahr: 15 - 19 Wochen , Summer: 12 - 15 Wochen
<b>Höhe</b> Ø	45 cm
<b>Flower Size</b> Ø	10 cm
<b>Standort</b>	Sun
<b>Seed Form</b>	BeGreen Pelleting
<b>Product Use</b>	Beet und Balkon, Schnittblume, Landschaft, Topfpflanze

# TECHNICAL GUIDE

Rudbeckia hirta Maya

## Verwendung

Plants for border, pot and container plants, cut flower production

## Aussaattermin

January for flowering in pots from April onwards; April: for flowering in pots from June onwards

## Kornablage

2-3 seeds per plug, can be sown directly into final pot

## Keimbedingung

8-14 days at 68-72 °F (20-22 °C)

## Topfen

Transplant plugs into 4.5"(11 cm) or larger pots. Grow on at 60-64 °F (15-18 °C) day temperatures and 50-55 °F (10-13 °C) night temperatures. Feed weekly at 150 ppm nitrogen in a well balanced fertilizer mix.

Lighting: Requires a minimum day length of 14 hours to initiate flowering. Plants that do not receive sufficient day length will form rosettes and flowering will be delayed. Day length extension of greater than 16 hours can cause stem elongation. Light manipulation can be used to control plant growth.

## Medien

Use a well-drained, growing substrate with 20-30 % clay, 1-1,5 kg/m<sup>3</sup> complete balanced fertilizer, 0-2 kg/m<sup>3</sup> slow release fertilizer (3-6 months), iron-chelate, micronutrients, pH: 5.8-6.2. Field: loamy sandy to sandy humus soils with good drainage and good nutrition levels. Standard fertilization: 80-100 g/m<sup>2</sup> of a slow release fertilizer.

## Temperatur

Grow at 18-20 °C. *R. hirta* needs warm temperatures for the growth. Temperatures of 16 °C increase the cultivation time by 3 weeks. Temperatures below 16 °C can be a cause for red colouring of leaves. *R. hirta* does not tolerate frost.

## Düngung

Moderate fertilization levels are required. Fertilize the crop weekly with 100-150 ppm nitrogen (at 0 kg/m<sup>3</sup> slow release fertilizer in substrate), using a potassium balanced fertilizer (N: K<sub>2</sub>O-ratio: 1:1,5). Avoid high ammonium and high nitrogen levels. Prevent magnesium deficiency by applying magnesium sulphate (0,05 %) 1-2 times and in case of iron deficiency (above pH 6.0) apply iron-chelate for 1-2 times. Field: Take care of possible iron deficiency and apply iron-chelate for 1-2 times. N min soil value: approximately 130 g N/m<sup>2</sup>.

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Stage I Starts with the radicle breaking through the testa. The roots are touching the medium. Ends with fully developed cotyledons.

Stage II Starts from fully developed cotyledons. Ends with the fully developed true leaf or true leaf pair.

Stage III Starts from the fully developed true leaf or true leaf pair and ends with 80% of the young plants being marketable.

Stage IV All young plants are ready for sale and in the process of being hardened off. This stage lasts about 7 days.

The cultural recommendations are based on results from trials conducted under Central European conditions. Different conditions in other parts of the world may lead to deviations in results achieved.

## FARBEN DER SERIE

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