

Salvia splendens

# Cover Girl

Art.-Nr.: SS2001R



- Scarlet-red flowers along large, dense spikes
- Short crop time
- Uniform and early flowering
- Excellent pack performance, bushy habit in the field

|                  |                              |
|------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Crop Time</b> | Frühjahr: 6 - 7 Wochen       |
| <b>Höhe</b> Ø    | 18 cm                        |
| <b>Standort</b>  | Sun - Partial shade          |
| <b>Seed Form</b> | Roh                          |
| <b>Best Uses</b> | Beet und Balkon, Topfpflanze |

## KULTURANLEITUNG

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### Verwendung

Plant for bedding or border, summer pot plant

### Aussaattermin

February-April for flowering in pots from April onwards; June for flowering in pots from August onwards

### Kornablage

2-3 seeds per plug, sowing directly into pot is recommended

### Keimbedingung

12-15 days at 72-75 °F (22-24 °C). Light is required for germination.

### Topfen

Transplant plugs after 5-6 weeks. Grow on at 60-65 °F (15-18 °C).

### Medien

Use a well-drained, growing perennial substrate with 0-15 % clay, 0-15 % parts (e. g. bark, wood fibres, perlite), 1-3 kg/m<sup>3</sup> complete balanced fertilizer, 0-2 kg/m<sup>3</sup> slow release fertilizer (3-6 months), iron-chelate, micronutrients, pH: 5.5-6.5.

### Temperatur

Grow at 21-24 °C during daytime and at 13-16 °C during night. To the harden the plants for selling the temperature can be decreased to 12-14 °C. *S. splendens* does not tolerate frost.

### Düngung

Moderate-high fertilization levels are required. Fertilize the crop weekly with 200-250 ppm nitrogen (at 0 kg/m<sup>3</sup> slow release fertilizer in substrate), using a complete balanced fertilizer. Avoid high ammonium and high nitrogen levels. Prevent magnesium deficiency by applying magnesium sulphate (0,05 %) 1-2 times and in case of iron deficiency (above pH 6.0) apply iron-chelate 1-2 times. The roots are sensitive to high salt levels in substrates. Avoid high fertilizer concentrations, it is advisable to fertilize several times with low concentrations weekly.

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Stage I Starts with the radicle breaking through the testa. The roots are touching the medium. Ends with fully developed cotyledons.

Stage II Starts from fully developed cotyledons. Ends with the fully developed true leaf or true leaf pair.

Stage III Starts from the fully developed true leaf or true leaf pair and ends with 80% of the young plants being marketable.

Stage IV All young plants are ready for sale and in the process of being hardened off. This stage lasts about 7 days.

The cultural recommendations are based on results from trials conducted under Central European conditions. Different conditions in other parts of the world may lead to deviations in results achieved.

## FARBEN DER SERIE

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