Iberis sempervirens

Snow Flurries

Art.-Nr.: IS0101C



- Perfect for spring production
- Compact habit, ideal ground cover
- Loves sunny locations
- Best flower performance in early spring

Crop Time	Frühjahr: 20 - 24 Wochen
Höhe ⌀	30 cm
Standort	Sun
Seed Form	BeGreen Coating
Heat Zone	9-1
Hardiness Zone	3a-9a
Product Use	Landschaft, Steingarten

TECHNICAL GUIDE

Iberis sempervirens Snow Flurries

Verwendung
Cushion perennials for rock garden, a good ground cover

Aussaattermin
May-July for flowering in pots the following year

Kornablage
5-7 seeds per plug, direct sowing into final pots is possible

Keimbedingung
14-21 days at 60-65 °F (15-18 °C)

Topfen
Grow on at 50-60 °F (10-15 °C).

Media
Use a well-drained, growing perennial substrate with 0-15 % clay, 0-20 % parts (e.g. wood fibres, bark, sand) 1-1,5 kg/m^3 complete balanced fertilizer, 0-2 kg/m^3 slow release fertilizer (3-9 months), iron-chelate, micronutrients, pH: 5.5-7.5.

Temperatur
Grow at 10-15 °C or outdoors. In winter indoors frost free at 3-5 °C or outdoors. Outdoor fleece needed. For wintering the root development in pots should be very good. In December (earliest from CW 51) the plants start to grow for 6-7 weeks at 15-18 °C. Cold temperatures at 8-12 °C will increase the cultivation time.

Düngung
Low-moderate fertilization levels are required. Fertilize the crop weekly with 80-100 ppm nitrogen (at 2 kg/m^3 slow release fertilizer in substrate), using a complete balanced fertilizer. Avoid high ammonium and high nitrogen levels. High nitrogen levels are the cause that shoots are stretched and the plants fall apart. Don't fertilize after mid September. In spring fertilize with 80-100 ppm nitrogen, using a potassium balanced fertilizer (N: K_2O-ratio: 1:1,5). Prevent magnesium deficiency by applying magnesium sulphate (0,025 %) 1-2 times and in case of Iron deficiency apply iron-chelate for 1-2 times.

Stage I Starts with the radicle breaking through the testa. The roots are touching the medium. Ends with fully developed cotyledons.
Stage II Starts from fully developed cotyledons. Ends with the fully developed true leaf or true leaf pair.
Stage III Starts from the fully developed true leaf or true leaf pair and ends with 80% of the young plants being marketable.
Stage IV All young plants are ready for sale and in the process of being hardened off. This stage lasts about 7 days.

The cultural recommendations are based on results from trials conducted under Central European conditions. Different conditions in other parts of the world may lead to deviations in results achieved.

FARBEN DER SERIE

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