

Begonia x hybrida F<sub>1</sub>

# Funky®

**Red**

Art.-Nr.: BT0704P



- Single, double and semi-double flowers on one plant
- Semi-trailing habit, easy to grow and ship
- Great performance in mixed containers
- Reliable high germination rates
- Eye-catching series at retail

<b>Crop Time</b>	Frühjahr: 15 - 18 Wochen
<b>Höhe</b> ∅	29 cm
<b>Breite</b> ∅	23 cm
<b>Standort</b>	Sun - Shade
<b>Seed Form</b>	Pilliert
<b>Product Use</b>	Packs, Topfpflanze, Ampel, Mixed Containers, Landschaft
<b>Family, Origin</b>	Begoniaceae, South and Central America
<b>Minimum Germ. Rate</b>	85%

## TECHNICAL GUIDE

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### Flowering

**Flowering Type:** Obligate long day plant requiring a daylength > 13.5 hrs. to initiate flowering. A night break can also be used, lighting for 5 hrs. during the night from 10 pm-3 am.

**Flowering Mechanism:** Tuberous begonias are light accumulators. Day length extension and supplemental lighting will shorten the length of time to flower and improve plant quality.

### Plug Culture

**Germination:** Optimum conditions for seedling development, beginning on the day of sowing until radicle emergence. Expect radicle emergence in 7-10 days. Germination should be complete at 10 days unless optimum conditions are not provided.

**Cover:** No covering of the seed is required.

**Sowing method:** 1-2 seeds or pellets per plug.

**Media:** pH 5.5-5.8; EC 0.5; Begonias are sensitive to high salt levels. Use a media low in soluble salts.

**Temperature:** 22-23 °C (72-73 °F) until radicle emergence. Higher temperatures, exceeding 27 °C (80 °F) will inhibit germination. Upon radicle emergence, on day 10-14 reduce the temperature to 20-21 °C (68-70 °F) until cotyledon expansion has occurred. On day 21 the temperature can be reduced further to 20 °C (68 °F). For irrigation use tempered water (above 18 °C/64 °F) only.

**Moisture:** Begin with a media moisture level of saturated (5) from day 1-11. A saturated media and high humidity is critical to successful begonia germination. Beginning day 12, alternate between moisture levels wet (4) and moist (3). Allow the media to approach a moist (3) before re-saturating to a wet (4). On day 21 the seedlings need to begin a good wet to dry cycle to aid rooting and avoid algae formation. Once germinated the seedlings are sensitive to watering with too much pressure and water volume since they have just begun to root into the media. It is easy to dislodge the seedlings resulting in a lower number of usable plants. Use a fine nozzle or water breaker with a gentle pressure and low water volume.

**Humidity:** 95-100 % until day 11; then dehumidify and reduce to 60 %. Provide proper ventilation and horizontal airflow to improve oxygen levels in the media.

**Light:** Light is necessary for germination. Lighting during germination will benefit the germination process and improve quality. If utilizing a germination chamber, providing a light source of 10-100 ft. candles (100-1,000 lx) will improve germination. Provide long days of 14-16 hrs. to improve germination and overall seedling quality.

**Fertilizer:** Begin fertilizing early once germination is complete, approximately day 14. Lower rates of feeding at 50 ppm 2-3 times per week will help to size up the seedlings. Under higher light conditions use a 20-10-20 fertilizer and under lower light a 17-5-17. Once seedlings are established the 17-5-17 fertilizer works well. Include a micro nutrient package to give adequate supply of minor elements.

**Plug Bulking and Flower Initiation:** Optimum conditions during the vegetative stage from cotyledon expansion to flower initiation. This stage is when the seedlings root to the edge of the plug and reach the 4-6 true leaf stage where flower initiation occurs.

**Media:** pH 5.5-5.8; EC 1.25-1.5.

**Light:** Long days of 14-16 hrs. are required to keep plants from producing tubers and to initiate flowering. Light levels of 8-10 mol/m<sup>2</sup>/day (25,000-30,000 lx) will improve quality and result in earlier flowering. Only moderate levels of light are required to keep plants vegetative. A minimum of 10-15 ft. candles (100-150 lx) is all that is required to avoid tuber formation however higher light will benefit the overall quality. Using supplemental lighting under low light conditions providing 350-600 ft. candles (3,500-6,000 lx) will improve quality. Shading is required when light levels reach 3,500-4,000 ft. candles since leaf edge burn can occur.

**Temperature:** The ideal temperature to achieve the shortest crop time is on day 28-42 keeping the temperature at 20-21 °C (68-70 °F). A slightly lower temperature of 19-20 °C (66-68 °F) will reduce stretch in the seedlings. Tuberous begonias are very responsive to DIF where a 1-2 °C (34-26 °F) DIF will also keep plants compact. Once roots have reached the bottom of the tray after day 42 the temperature can be lowered to 18-19 °C (64-66 °F).

**Moisture:** Use care to make sure that the media is not kept saturated and is allowed to dry back between waterings. Alternate between moisture levels wet (4) and moist (3). Allow media to approach level (3) before re-saturating to level (4). Avoid allowing the media to become too dry since begonias are sensitive to high salts and root damage can occur.

**Fertilizer:** Alternate between a calcium-based fertilizer (14-4-14 or 15-5-15) and an ammonium based fertilizer (17-5-17) at 50-100 ppm nitrogen every 2-3 waterings. Fertilizer applications can be gradually increased in the later stages of bulking where a constant feeding at 100 ppm is used. Under high light and long days an ammonium based fertilizer (20-10-20) at 50-100 ppm can also be used.

**Growth Regulators:** Very low rates of Cycocel (chlormequat chloride) as a spray at 250 ppm (0.04 %) can be used. B-Nine (daminozide) sprays at 500-750 ppm can also be made. Applications are usually made once established in the final container however if a larger plug (72 tray) is being grown they may need one application of Cycocel or B-Nine before transplanting.

**Fungicides:** Apply preventative sprays for Botrytis, Pythium and Rhizoctonia as needed.

### Growing On

**Media:** Use a well-drained, growing substrate. pH 5.5-5.8; EC 1.0-1.5.

**Light:** Continue with long days of 14-16 hr. until the daylength is > 12 hrs. or mid March. Provide 10-12 mol/m<sup>2</sup>/day (30,000-35,000 lx) for optimum quality. If plants are placed under short day conditions growth will become uneven. Daylength extension is very important to continue vegetative growth. If light levels exceed 4,000 ft. candles provide shading to reduce the leaf temperature. Under high light conditions provide shading to prevent leaf edge burn.

**Temperature:** After transplanting 18-20 °C (64-68 °F) nights for the first 14 days or until the roots reach the bottom of the container. Thereafter temperatures may be lowered to 17-18 °C (62-64 °F). An ADT (average daily temperature) of 19 °C (66 °F) will give the fastest finished crop. Temperatures below 14 °C (57 °F) will result in tuber formation and a delay of the crop. A DIF of 1-2 °C (34-36 °F) will result in a more compact crop requiring little to no growth regulators.

**Moisture:** Alternate between moisture levels wet (4) and medium (2). Allow plants to approach a medium (2) before re-saturating to a wet (4). Allowing plants to dry back too much can result in root damage.

**Humidity:** 40-60 % humidity is ideal. Providing good ventilation and horizontal airflow will help lower the humidity and dry back the media, providing oxygen to the roots.

**Fertilizer:** Alternate between calcium based fertilizer 14-4-14 and an ammonium fertilizer 17-5-17 at 100-150 ppm. Keep the media EC at 1.5. Application of potassium nitrate can help to keep the plants more compact. Under higher light and warmer temperatures a fertilizer with additional ammonium can be used. Tall, stretched plants with few flowers indicate too much ammonium. Stunted, chlorotic plants with marginal leaf burn indicate a lack of calcium and magnesium. Under



## FARBEN DER SERIE

Begonia x hybrida F<sub>1</sub> Funky<sup>®</sup>



**White**  
BT0707P



**Orange**  
BT0702P



**Red**  
BT0704P



**Scarlet**  
BT0706P



**Light Pink**  
BT0701P



**Pink**  
BT0703P



**Mix**  
BT0799P